



Let's Talk About It!

DR. ANTHONY O. VANN, MBA, DEI
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF ADULT CORRECTION

TOPICS:

rtance of Communication In

Work Environment

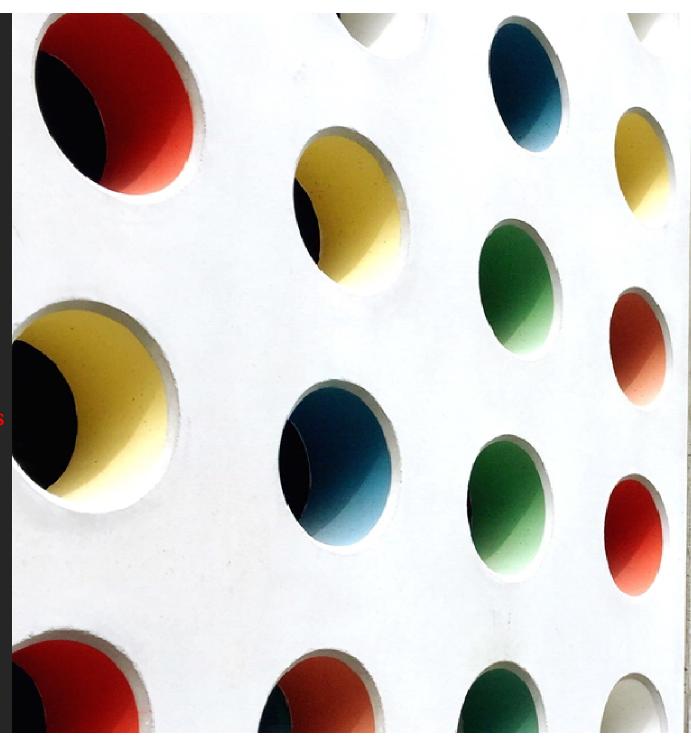
ous Communication Styles

nunication Across Generations

h Conversations.....Managing

lict

Reflection Moment



u·ni·ca·tion yü-nə-ˈkā-shən \

cess by which ation is exchanged individuals through non system of ls, signs, or behavior.

ive communication us better understand a or situation and such that is us to resolve nces and build trust spect.





Importance of Good Communicatio

- Communication is an important skill in any environment with human interactions. This includes the workplace.
- In the workplace, good communication is just about mitigating conflict (although the an important benefit of communicating effectively).



Many of us are Directors, Managers or Supervisors.....

We lead individuals!

n't think on any en day that any of wake up in the ming and say day I want to be a D Leader!"

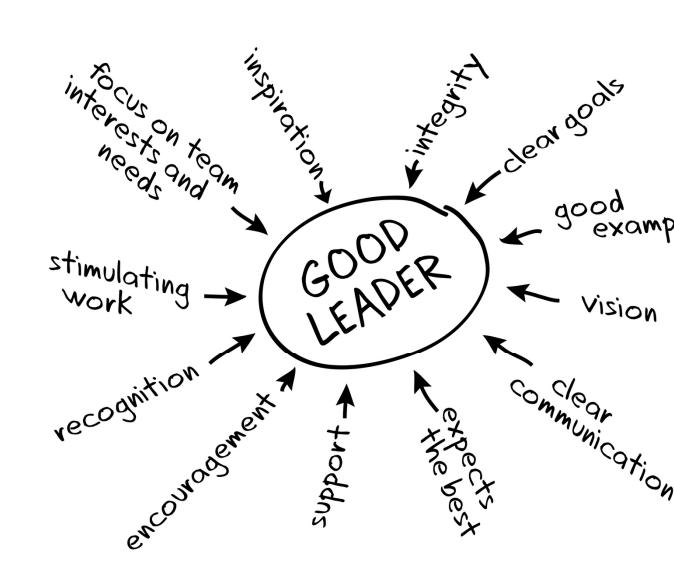
it happens.....



Good Leade



tless Number of eys show that oyees define a leader by several s....but guess two things are st always at the fithe list?



They Communicate clearly.....

They Listen.....





"As a Leader...th way you communicate is a reflection of you!"



Let's Talk About It!





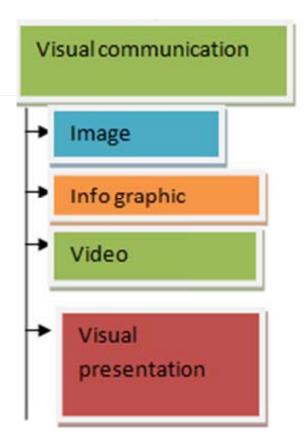
- Ø A survey of 400 compan organizations with 100,0 employees each cited ar average loss per compan \$62.4 million per year be of inadequate communication and between employees
- Ø Miscommunication costs companies and organization
 100 employees an avera \$420,000 per year.
- Miscommunication can r court cases, the inability retain employees, or the to recruit new talent.





Verbal communication Face-toface Overthe telephone Through Skype or zoom Chatting with friend and family

Types of Communication



Email Report **Bulletins** Letter Manual Telegram

Written communication

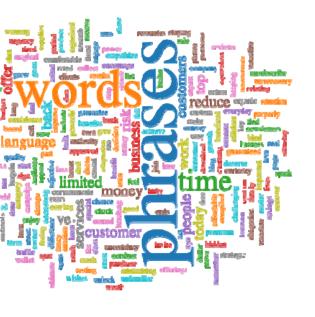
BAL COMMUNICATION



Verbal communication is the way to with most things. Good Leaders sluse it whenever possible. An act conversation will help you catch the you may have missed in an emain

- It's a much easier two-way dialogu
- It's great for relationship building
- Reduces the risk of miscommunic
- It's a quick way to gain feedback
- It's a must when resolving issues

rbal Communication Consist of 3 Par







*38

*55

*7



38%



7%





38%





7%



55%





Mehrabian's Rule

7%

Verbal Language

(The Words)

38%

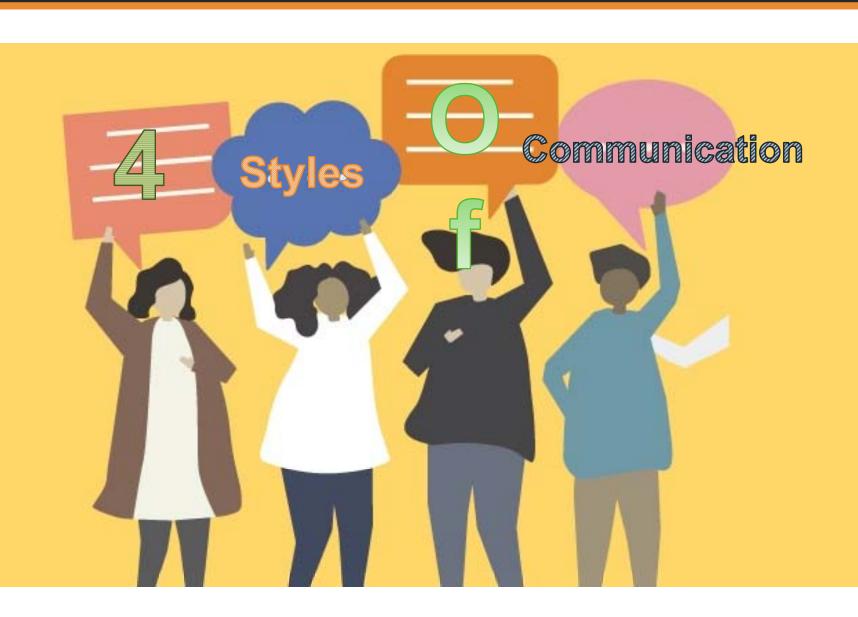
Vocal Language

(The Sounds)

55%

Body Language

(The Motions)





Everyone has a communication style which determines present yourself to others and how you are perceived by

75% of the population has a different style than you – not worse, just different. Your communication style affectability to connect with others.

- Being a good communicator requires a high level of sawareness of your preferred style of communication a style of communication preferred by individuals you communicate with.
- We communicate with people everyday, but do we alw adjust our communication style to fit the audience or situation?
- If we don't......This often leads to confusion, misunderstandings and hurt feelings.



Which Communication Style Best Describes You?

yzer: ic/Problem g/Methodical

kes Facts & Logic efer Policies & anning ganized efers Control over haos kes Instructions





Director: Fast Paced/ Controlling/Go-Getter

- Objectives & Results Oriented
- Wants to see Productivity
- Often Competitive
- Takes Charge
- Makes Firm Decisions

ocializer
enter of Attention/ Energetic/Charismatic

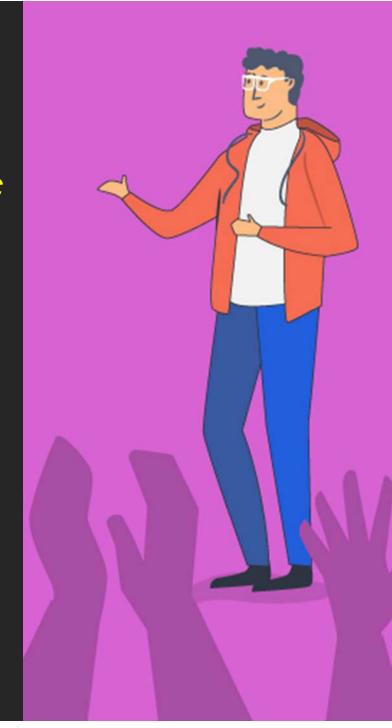
Prefers Teamwork

Motivator

Builds Relationships

Nurturing & Sensitive

Usually, a Good Listener



lator
ole Oriented/ Warm & uring/ Avoid Conflicts

riendly & Optimistic njoys Change & reativity ikes Big Ideas daptable



How Do You Communicat e With Various Styles?



Analyzer:

- Avoid too much small talk and socializing.
- Go slow and give them time and space to think through.
- •Be well-prepared to answer their questions the with precise data.
- Put everything down in writing.
- Prefers working alone

tor<u>:</u>

ear, brief, fast, and precise. Be wellred to provide solutions to their problems.

the small talk and get down to business.

light key points. Avoid going into too much

out their goals and provide options with costs and benefits.



d emotional arguments



Socializer:

- Take time to build a relationship and socialize them.
- Create a fun, lively atmosphere with new and elements.
- Help them make a list of priorities but try to sk unimportant details and boring material.
- After a meeting, be clear about who is going to what and by when. Put everything down in writi

•

nt and show sincere interest in them as a

elationship and learn more about their lives before getting down to business.

their fears by clearly explaining how a ange will benefit them and those around

and inviting. Focus on their feelings.





. "I see both sides....I could go either way

*Director

*Relator

B *Socializer

C *Analyzer

1. "I see both sides....I could go either way."

*Director
*Relator

B *Socializer

C *Analyzer

2. "This is how we are going to handle this.....: ***Director** B *Socializer C *Analyzer *Relator

*Director

> *Relator

B *Socializer

C *Analyzer

3. "Do you have this written down somewhere.....

*Director*Relator

B *Socializer

"Do you have this written down somewhere.....?"

*Director*Relator

B *Socializer



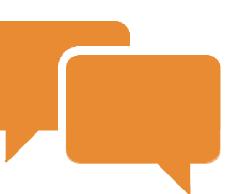
*Director
*Relator

B *Socializer

4. "Come on team we can do this...I'm All In!!"

*Director*Relator

B *Socializer



Versatility In Communication



Analyzer

- *Be More Flexible...more op minded
- *Show concern for other people
- *Listen for people's feeling



Director

- *Acknowledge difference points of view
- *Show more patience
- *Tone down intensity

Pay attention to

feelings



Socializer

- *Talk less
- *Spend more time looking at facts
- *Control time and emotion
- *Think before you speak



Relator

- *Be less sensitive
- *Be willing to take risks
- *Say "no" more often
- *Let people know what yo

think

Good Leader uses ral styles of nunication!

owever, It's cially important to rstand primary style. use during sful times....that e one we usually to out of habit.



Communicating Across Generations.....





When it comes to communication....One Challenge we face in the workforce today is that there are about 5 generations...who all communicate differently!!

- □Traditionalist/ Veterans (1922 1945)
- ☐ Baby Boomers (1946 1964)
- \square Generation X (1965 1980)
- □Millennials/ Generation Y (1981 1996)
- \square Generation Z (1997 2010)

ETERANS ta "The Silent Generation"	76+ 3% of Workforce
efining Moments:	World War II, The Great Depression, rationing, nuclear families, traditional gender roles
ommunication Preference:	 Most comfortable with a formal communication style Values organized layout of communication Prefer face-to-face or written communication Enjoys staff meetings/in person trainings Need larger font/more lighting Speak slower/be patient Clarify instead of assume

by Boomers	57 – 75 33% of Workforce
fining Moments:	Cold War, Vietnam War, JFK & MLK assassination, Woodstock, Civil Rig Movement
mmunication Preference:	 Most comfortable with face-to-face of telephonic communication Appreciate open, direct, and honest interactions Work best when presented with deta comprehensive plans OK with email communication, but no believe valuable time is wasted: due to incomplete information it email emails sent back and forth (reptor hours when a phone call would

ration X	41-56 28% Very small
ng Moments:	Gulf Crisis, MTV, Regan & Bill Clinton, high divorce rates, latch key kids (both parents working), Aids epidemic, Crack epidemic, 1st generation to grow up post integration
nunication Preference:	 Most comfortable using email a their primary communication to They have no real desire to engage in face-to-face communication When talk is necessary, they prefer short, informal conversations Details are not necessary Do not like staff meetings Prefer online training

ration Y/ Millenials e Out Generation"	25-40 36% of Workforce
ng Moments:	9/11, Columbine, Global warming, the financial crisis, "helicopter parents" (hovered over them)
nunication Preference:	 Most comfortable using texting, email an social media as primary communication They grew up in the high-tech era. They not big with face-to-face communication They value technology and their phone is phone, it's a high-tech texting/selfie device. Prefer SHORT, direct emails and online training Their project approach is different. They start a project later and it may seem disorganized, but, they get it done. Hate to be micromanaged!

ation Z	24+ *Not enough data
ng Moments:	Terrorism, same-sex marriage, intern Black President, 1 st Female Vice Pre
unication Preference:	 Virtual or Face to Face. This is the generation to grow up as digital near there was never a time in their generation smartphones and the internet were not around. Due to lightning-fast internet speed their time, this can influence Genexpectation for rapid responses. The prefer to communicate face-to-face

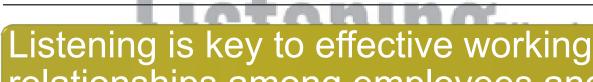
want upfront and honest conversa

Remember that these preferred communication styles are guidelines, not rules
Perception and stereotypes can result in communication gaps.
Ask others what their preferred communication channels are rather than assuming.
Be proactive and inform others on the best methods to connect with you.
Match the right channel for the message. Phone calls should be used for long, detailed conversations while chat or texting should be saved for informal messages, collaborating and socializing.



What's The Ke to Learning Who Who

As well as Whothers Perceived you as?



relationships among employees and between management and staff.

Master =

Listening can reduce conflict. Conflict usually arises when individuals feel they are not being heard.

It can improve morale and productivity...because you often find out what motivates individuals.

Clear

aving
ifficult
onversatio



ficult Conversations

e all had experiences with these of conversations in the past, and probably didn't go so well.

aps your boss lashed out at you g a heated discussion; or your treport started to cry during a rmance review; maybe your thung up the phone on you.

ult conversations are table....but they can't be avoided!

key is to learn how to handle in a way that produces "a better ome: less pain for you, and less for the person you're talking to.





Change Your Mindset "Reframe"

When gearing up for a conversation you've labeled "difficult," that is how you will see it. Instead, "Reframe your mindset!"

- I'm not giving negative performance feedback; I'm having a constructive conversation about development.
- I'm not telling my boss: no; I'm offering up an alternate solution.

epare &

ACTICE!!!

own notes and key s before your ersation. *(Not a script)*

your notes simple, direct, and neutral.

ice possible onses for the different the conversation I go.





Acknowledge Their

Perspective

- Never go into the meeting with a "my-way the-highway" attitude.
- Acknowledge and ask the other persons perspective.
- Take time to process the other person's w "I hear you!"
- Keep your cadence slow and pause before responding! Find the right words.

Something

k

urself in their shoes.

s ask yourself ahead of hile preparing "Is there hing I can give back?"

ference letter
we look at changing
hours?

e you thought about ng an online course?





Post Reflection

Handling a difficult conversation well is not j skill, it is an act of courage.

- Disarm yourself & breathe.
- "Reflect" and consider what went well and didn't.
- Think about why you had certain reaction what you might have said differently.



Let's Talk About It!



- 1) Various Communication Styles
- 2)Mehrabian Rule
- 3) Communicating Across Generations
- 1) Managing Difficult Conversations

....93% of our onversation is n-verbal (*Body guage & Tone*) it ore so centers around our actions.....

If...As leaders our communication reflects who we are....

What does y style of communication say abou "You"?

"Quality onversations" eeds to begin with you!





Anyone Recognize this, Gentleman?

to reave a petter regacy upon his death

Ifred Nobel

ventor of Dynamite!

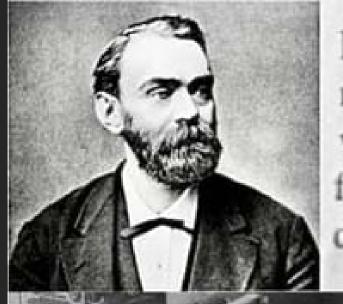
888 Alfred Nobel's

her died....but a spaper published his Lary instead. It demned him for nting dynamite and ed, "The merchant of th is dead!"

C'Idiotie Quotad

Sunday, April 15, 1888

The Merchant of Death is D



Dr. Alfred Nobel, made a fortune by fi ways to kill more p faster than ever b died yesterday.





ou can imagine d was very rbed as this would e way he would be mbered.
Inmediately led to change his ctory!



"People may forget what you said....but they will never forget how you made them feel!"

Dr. Maya Angelou



's Talk About It!



Dr. Anthony O. Vann
Chief Financial Officer
North Carolina Department of Adult Corre
Anthony.Vann@dac.nc.gov
919-457-1235